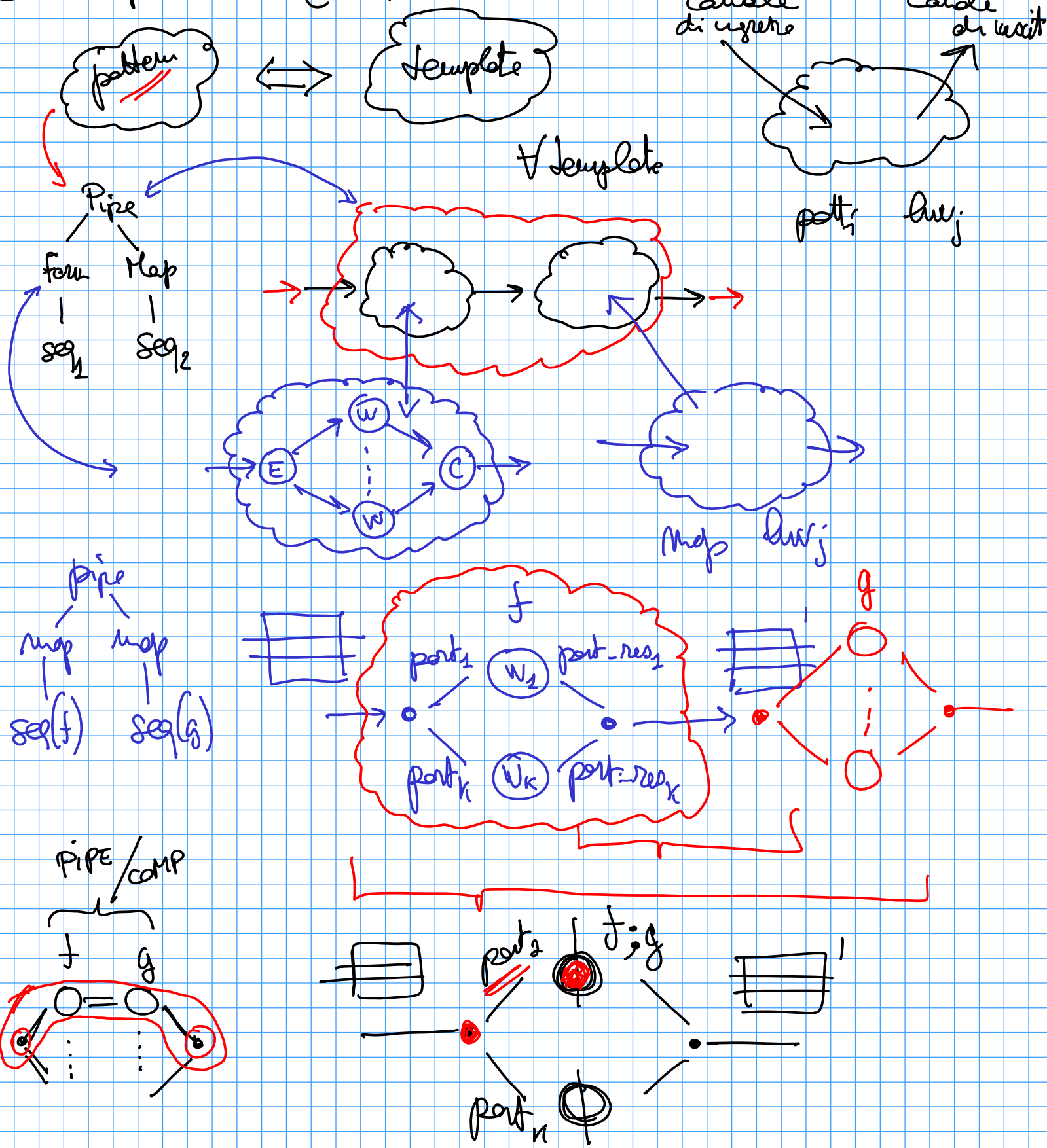


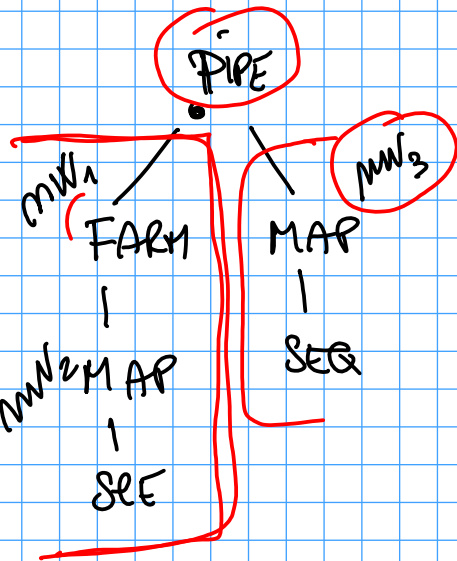
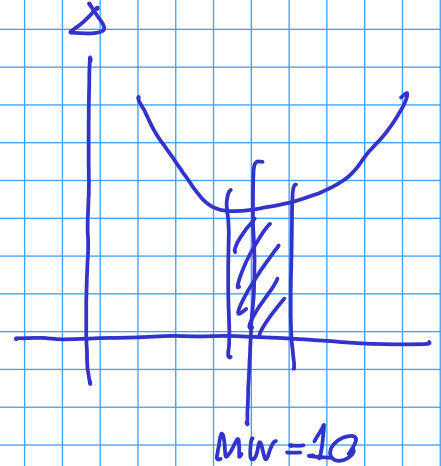
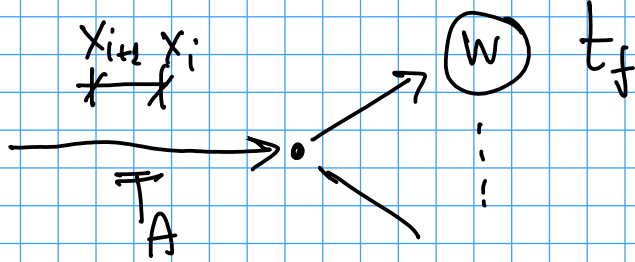
① Template x ordinamento x skeleton/pattern

② Componibili (Template)





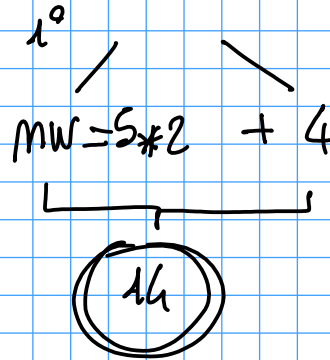
$MW = 10$



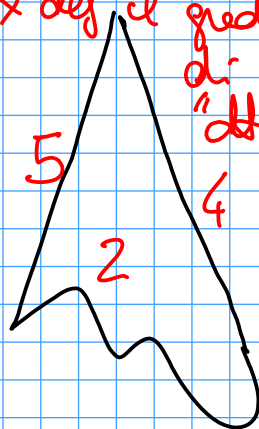
$MW_1 = 5$

$MW_2 = 2$

$MW_3 = 4$

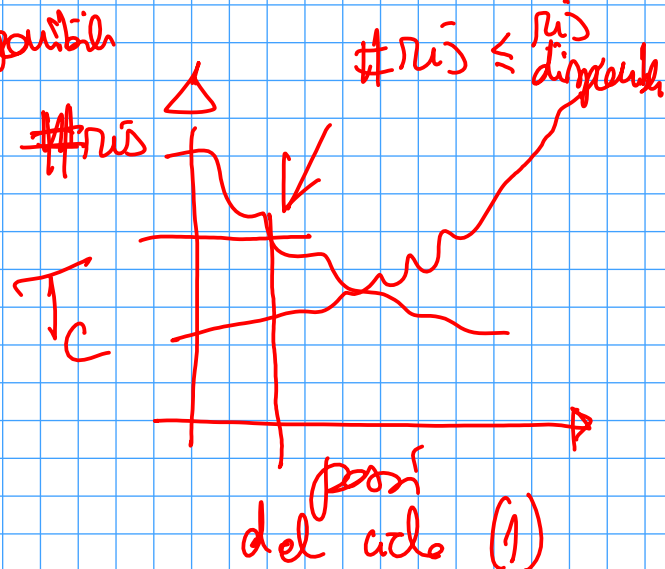


modelli analitici
x def il grado
di per "danno"



Ciclo (1)
ricerca il minimo
numero di risorse
mantenendo l'equilibrio
fra le variabili.
secondo i miei
modelli analitici

$\sum MW >$
risorse
disponibili



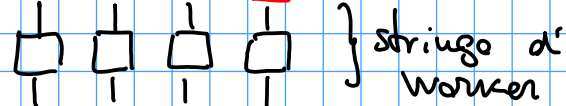
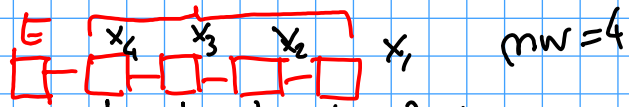
TEMPLATE

X FARM

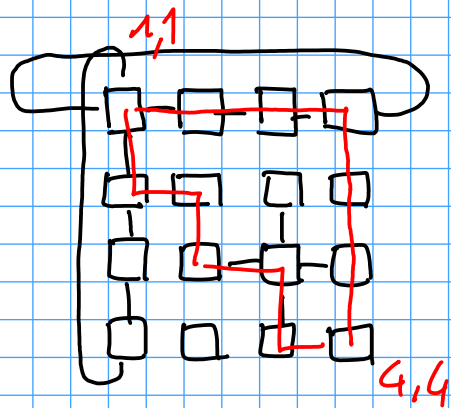
(architettura a MESH)

TILERA

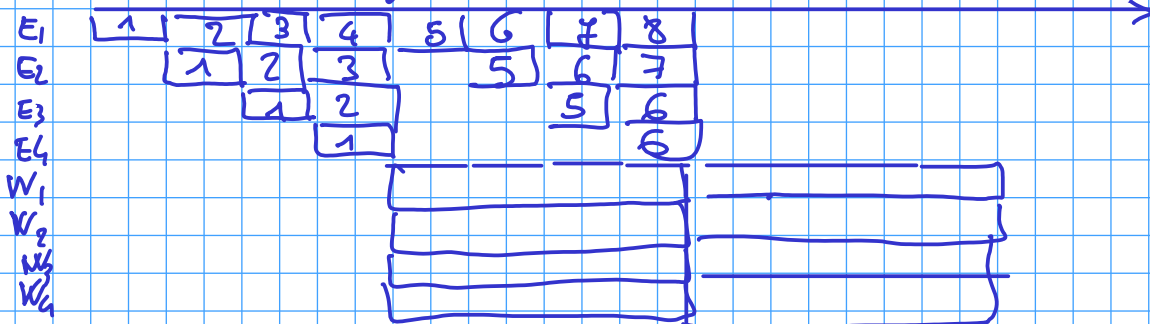
x_3
 x_2
 x_1
bus di eliminazione



bus di collezione



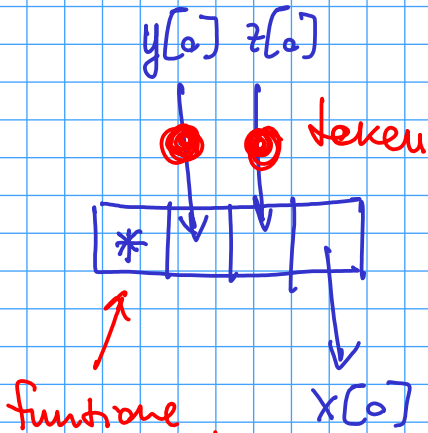
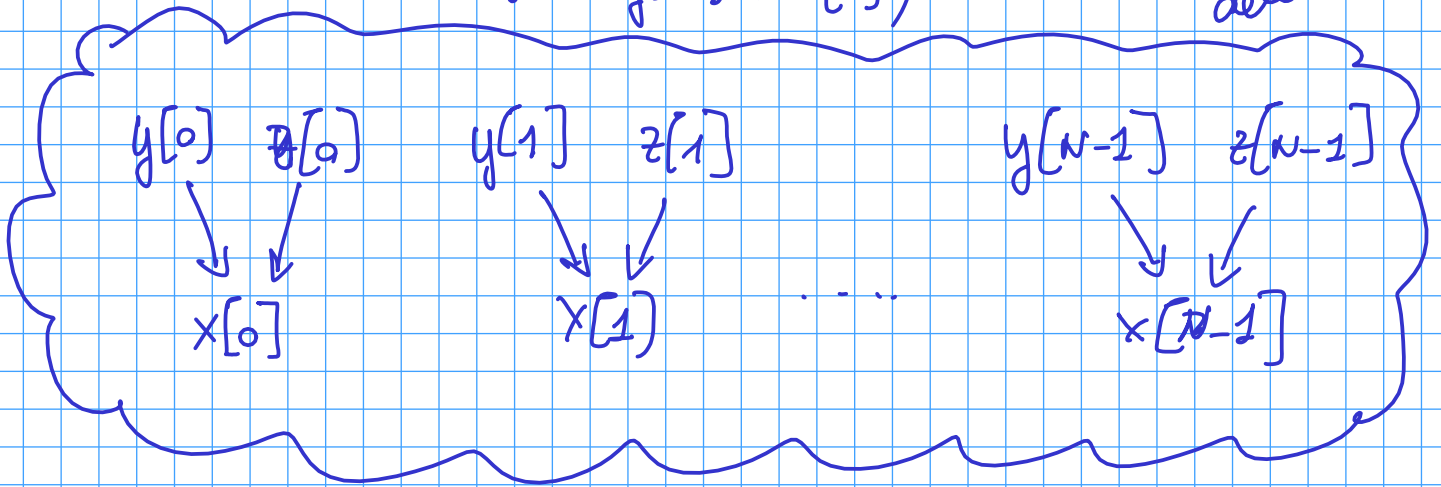
steady state



(MACRO) DATA FLOW

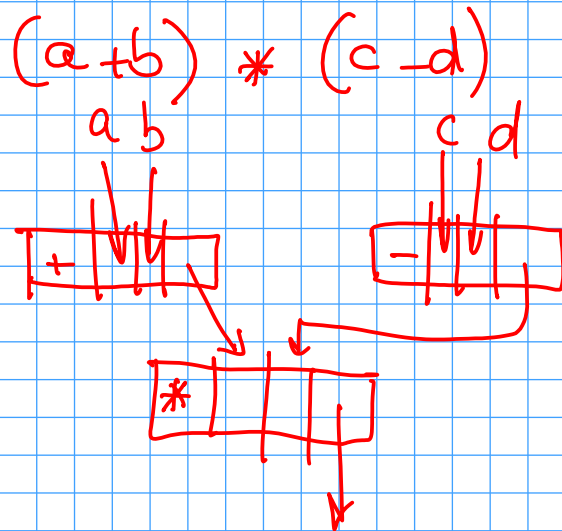
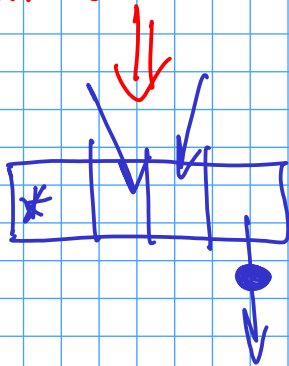
```
for(i=0; i<N; i++)
    x[i] = y[i] * z[i];
```

GRAFO DATA Flow dello *computor*



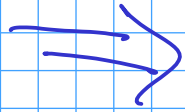
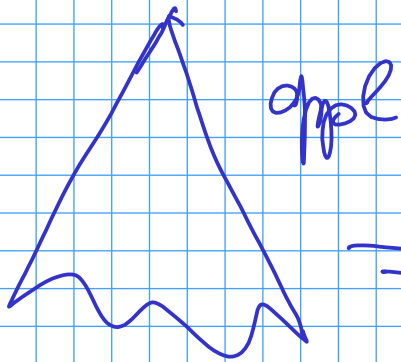
ISTRUZIONE DATA FLOW

è possibile SSE sono presenti tutti i tokens di input



petten

compilazione dei petten
in DATA FLOW
MACRO



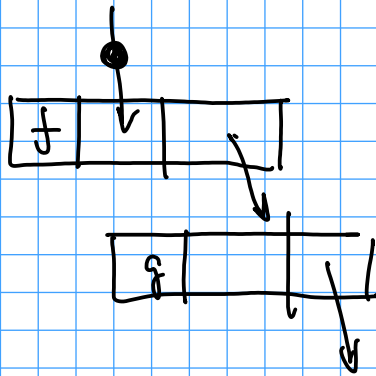
grafo RDF



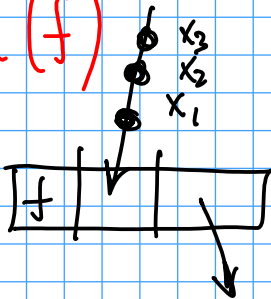
interprete distribuito/parallelo RDF

ciclo: → trova le istr. fresche
e le schedula x l'esecuzione
+ risultato dirige i loxen
alle istruzioni target

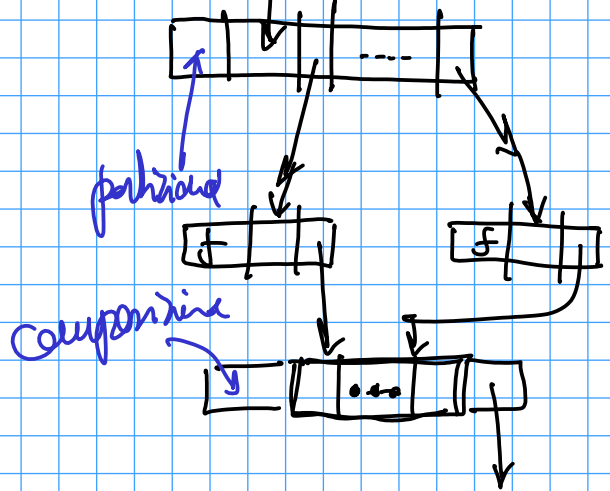
pipeline (f, g)

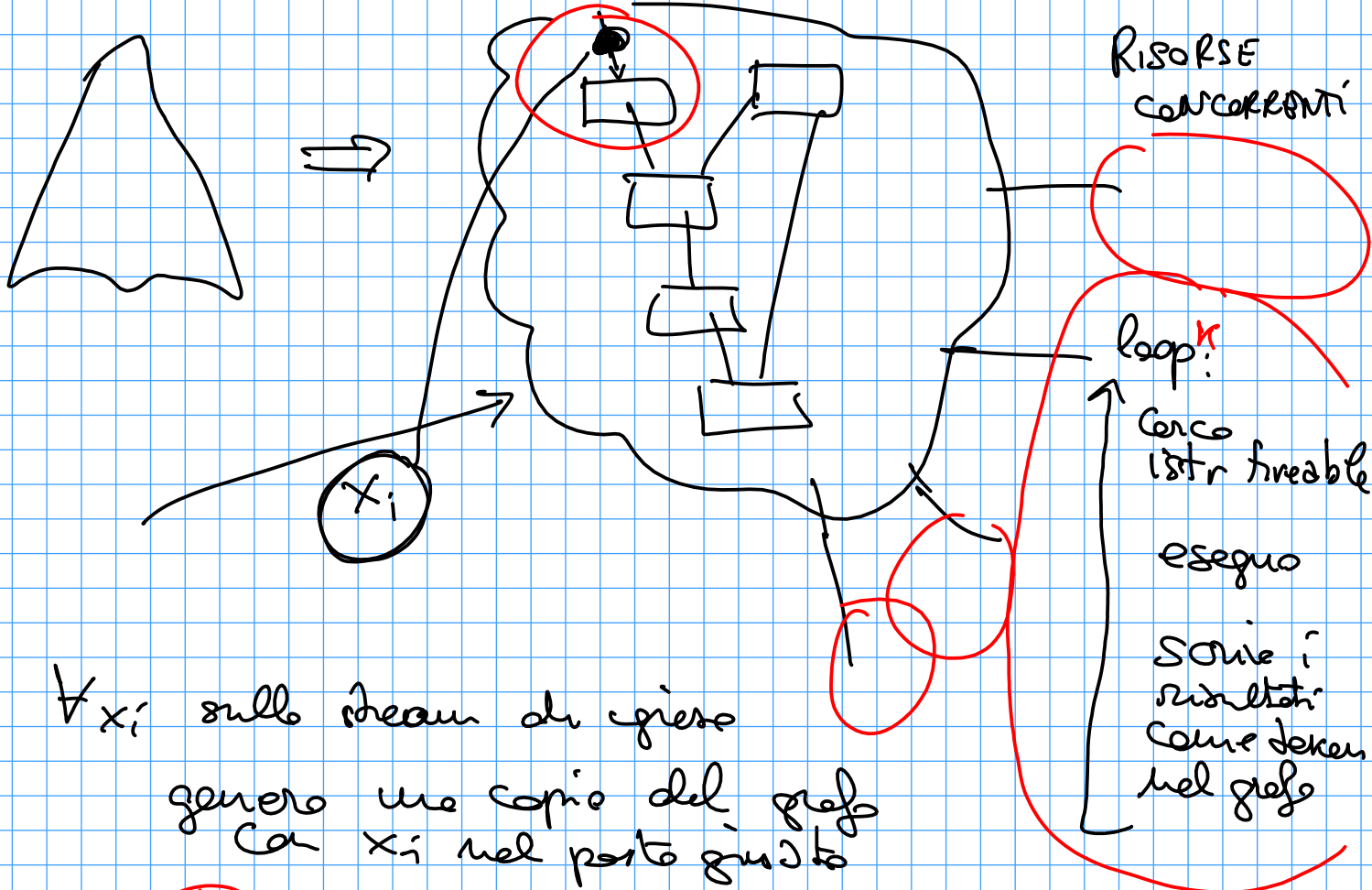


forunc (f)



map (f)





$\forall x_i$ sullo stream di input
 genero una copia del graf
 con x_i nel posto giusto

